





Churches Seeking Reconciliation and Peace



What is the Decade about?



What is the Decade about?

The Decade to Overcome Violence (2001-2010): Churches seeking reconciliation and peace calls churches, ecumenical organizations and all people of good will - to work together at all levels (local, regional, global) with communities, secular movements, people of all living faiths for peace, justice and reconciliation.



What is the Decade about?

Tt calls us to walk with those oppressed by violence, and to act in solidarity with those struggling for justice, peace and the integrity of creation.

It calls churches to repent for our complicity in violence, and to engage in theological reflection to overcome the spirit, logic and practice of violence.



What is the DOV?

An invitation to address the issue of violence A spiritual journey for individuals, churches and movements

A study and reflection process

An opportunity for creative projects



Background of the DOV

WCC Programme to Combat Racism
Decade Churches in Solidarity with Women
1994 in Johannesburg: "Apartheid is gone, violence is still with us"

Program to Overcome Violence POV

1998 Harare: DOV 2001 - 2010



Evolving Issues

Amsterdam 1948 - War is incompatible w Gospel Duppsala 1968 - Nonviolent change (MLK Gandhi) Nairobi 1975 - Human Rights, Racism (PCR) Vancouver 1983 - Justice, Peace, Creation (JPIC) Johannesburg 1994 - Overcoming Violence (POV) Harare 1998 - DOV - "wide varieties of violence" Porto Alegre 2006 - Militarism / Health



Amsterdam 1948: War

War as a method of settling disputes is incompatible with the teaching and example of our Lord Jesus Christ. The part which war plays in our present international life is a sin against God and a degradation of man."



Uppsala 1968: M.L. King

Ask the Central Committee to explore means by which the World Council could <u>promote</u> <u>studies on non-violent methods of achieving</u> <u>social change, bearing in mind that the issue of</u> <u>using violent or non-violent methods of social</u> <u>change has been raised</u> in the Reports of Sections III, IV, and VI.



Solution Content of M.L. King, Apartheid in South Africa...



Canterbury 1969 - Gandhi

...in the Gandhi Centenary year, that the teaching and leadership of Mohandas K. Gandhi in encouraging non-violent political and social change be considered in these studies, in view of his influence on Martin Luther King and the way in which they both sought to make real the teaching of Jesus about love and justice;...



Nemi/Cardiff 1971: Justice

VIOLENCE, NONVIOLENCE AND THE STRUGGLE FOR SOCIAL JUSTICE -Exploring Strategies of Radical Social Change



Geneva 1973: nonviolence training and education

that the WCC appoint a staff member within its Programme Unit II, to work on training and education in nonviolent methods of social change. Such a person can do much to 'rescue the concept of nonviolence from being misconstrued as passivity and to show the positive possibilities of nonviolent action....



Emphasis on Human Rights and Structural Violence



Vancouver 1983 - JPIC

Justice, Peace, Integrity of Creation



We affirm the full meaning of God's peace. We are called to seek every possible means to establish justice, achieving peace and solving conflicts by active non-violence...

We commit ourselves to practise non-violence in all our personal relationships, to work for the banning of war ... and to press governments for the establishment of an international legal order of peace making.



Programme to Overcome Violence



Addressing holistically the **wide varieties of violence**, both direct and structural, in homes, communities and international arenas, and learning from the local and regional analysis of violence and ways to overcome violence.



Challenging the churches to overcome the spirit, logic and practice of violence, to relinquish any theological justification of violence and to affirm anew the spirituality of reconciliation and active nonviolence.



Creating **a new understanding of security** in terms of cooperation and community, instead of in terms of domination and competition.



Learning from the **spirituality and resources for peace-building of other faiths** to work with communities of other faiths in the pursuit of peace, and to reflect on the issue of religious and ethnic identities in pluralistic societies.



Challenging the **growing militarization** of our world, especially the proliferation of small arms and light weapons.



Multiple Entry Points

Solocal (parish level)

Decumenical (on local level)

Scivil society (NGOs)

government institutions (public schools etc)

Sinternational bodies (UN)



Partners in the DOV

SRegional & National Ecumenical Organizations Pontifical Council Justice & Peace Member churches, denominational Bodies Ecumenical networks and special ministries International Coalition for the (UN-)Decade WHO, UNESCO Non-Governmental Organizations



UN-Decade for a Culture of Peace and Nonviolence for the Children of the World



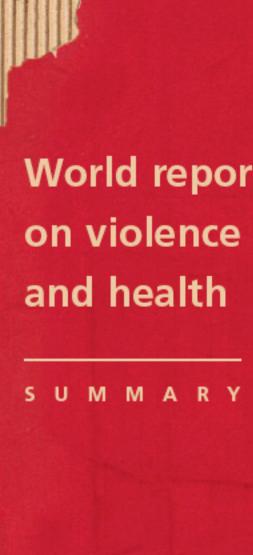




World report on violence and health



World Health Organization Geneva







World Health Assembly: Violence Prevention is a Public Health Priority



An estimated 1.6 million people lost their lives to physical violence in 2000. About half were suicides, one-third were homicides, and onefifth were casualties of armed conflict.

WHO Definition

The intentional use of physical force or power, threatened or actual, against oneself, another person, or against a group or community, that either results in or has a high likelihood of resulting in injury, death, psychological harm, maldevelopment or deprivation.

2001.20

Stone VIDLENCE



In 2000, the rate of violence-related death in low- to middle-income countries as a whole was more than twice that in high-income countries, although rates vary between regions and even within countries.



 The majority of violence is non-fatal and results in injuries, mental health and reproductive health problems, sexually transmitted diseases and other problems.
 Health effects can last years, and may include permanent physical or mental disability.



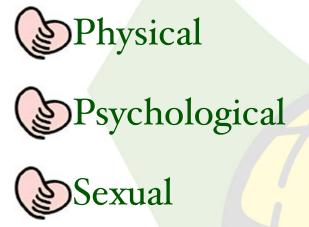


) Besides the toll of human misery, violence exacts social and economic costs which – though hard to quantify – are substantial.



The Nature of Violence







Deprivation or Negligence



Types of Violence

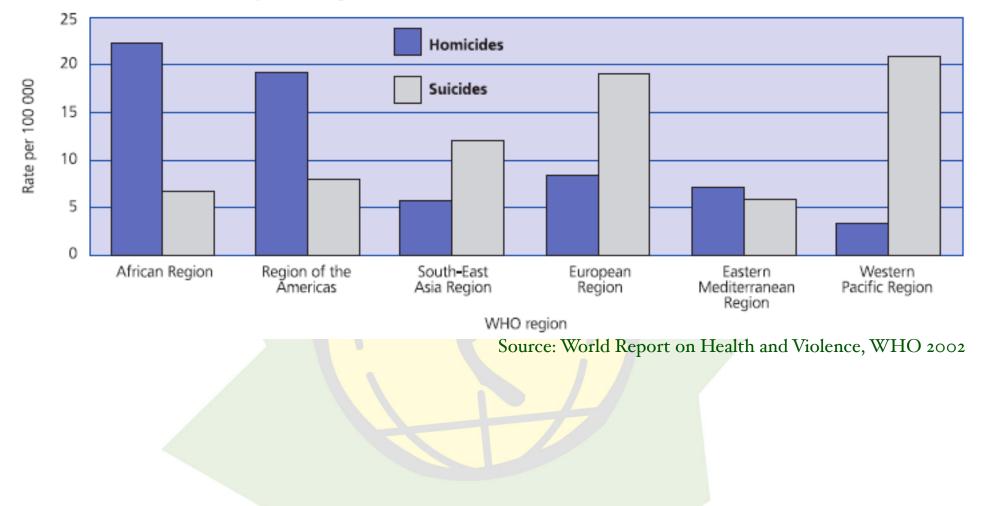
Self-directed (suicide, self-abuse) 50%

Interpersonal (family/partner, community) 30%

Collective (social, political, economic, armed) 20%

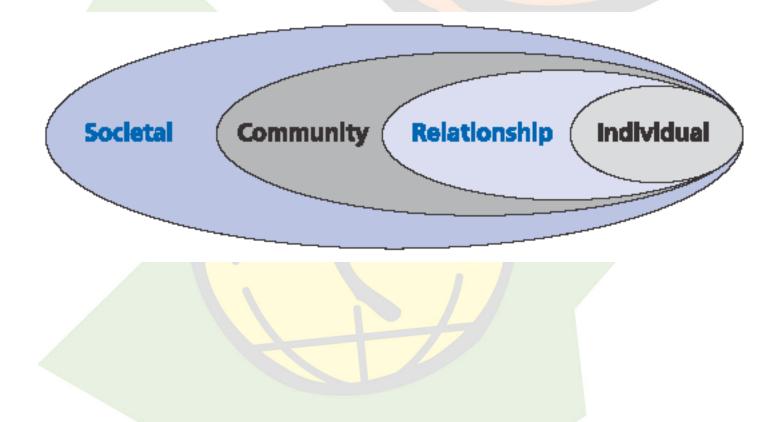


Homicide and suicide rates by WHO region, 2000



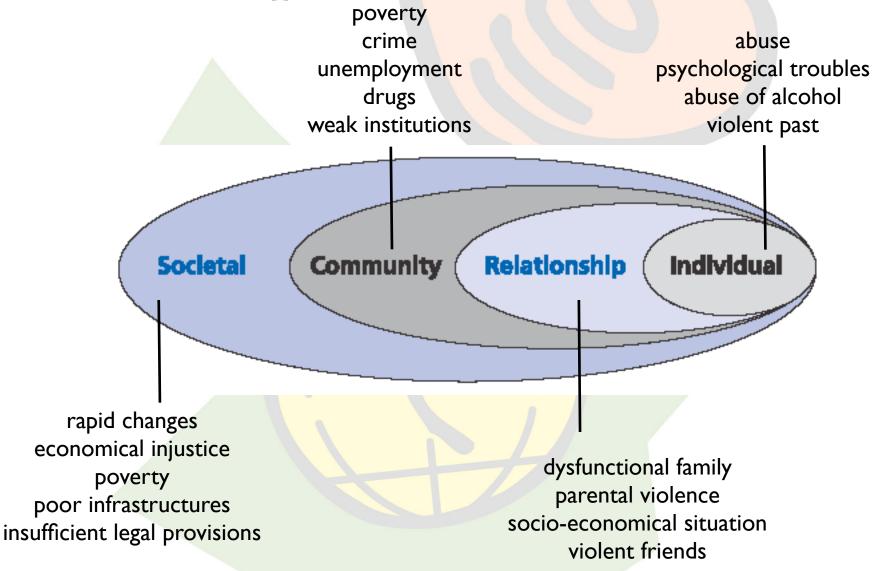


Levels at which violence takes place





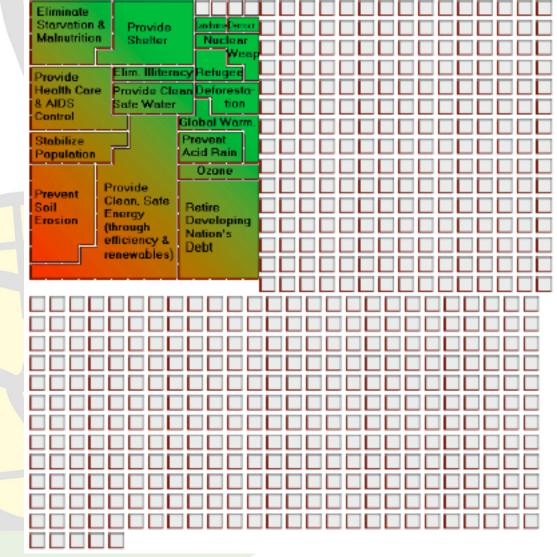
An ecological model of interpersonal violence



Source: World Report on Health and Violence, WHO 2002



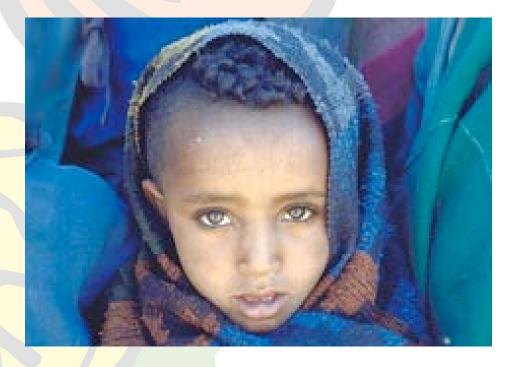
- I square = \$ 1 Bio. 50% of the \$ 950 Bio world-wide are spent by the US
- 1/3 of the world military expenditures would be needed to address the world's pressing issues



Hunger is the biggest killer

According to the UN report on world hunger, a child younger than 5 dies of hunger every 5 seconds.

We Hunger is one of the consequences of the world's economic and military priorities.





Four Themes for the DOV

The spirit and logic of violence
 The use, abuse and misuse of power
 Issues of justice
 Religious identity and plurality





Issues churches address frequently...



Domestic violence





Economic globalization





outh & Violence



Culture of Peace





WCC Activities related to the DOV



Activities of the WCC

Launches worldwide

DOV Study Guide

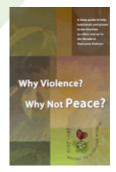
Interactive Website www.overcomingviolence.org

Annual Focus

International Day of Prayer for Peace - Sept 21

DOV Newsletter/Updates

Council-wide programs



Inter-religious Relations & Dialogue





Churches seeking Reconciliation and Peace

DECADE TO



Interfaith Initiatives

Religion, Power and Violence (Conference, DVD)

Critical Moments Conference

"Thinking Together" think tank

Current Dialogue <u>www.wcc-coe.org/wcc/what/</u> <u>interreligious/index-e.html</u>

Global Priorities Campaign to change budget priorities <u>www.globalpriorities.org</u>

International Day of Peace Vigil <u>www.idpvigil.org</u>



International Affairs

Impunity, Restorative Justice

- Advocacy (UN)
- Human Rights



Peace building and disarmament, small arms



Justice, Peace, Creation

Women Youth

Alternatives to Globalization



A worldwide campaign on **Overcoming Violence** against women and children 05 of 200 25 November - 10 December 2004

> World Council of Churches P.O. Box 2100, CH-1211 Geneva 2 www.wcc-coe.org



Diakonia & Solidarity

Annual Regional Focus



Faith & Order

Theological Reflection on Peace:

Interrogating and Redefining Power

Anthropology

Ethnic and national identity

Liturgy

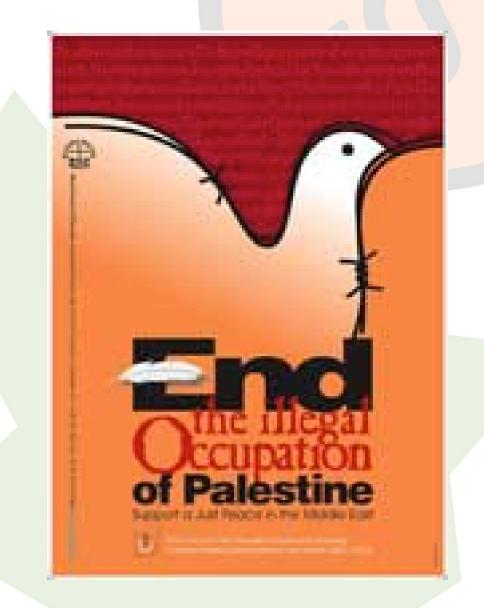


Annual DOV Focus

Solidarity - encourage local & regional churches Understanding - move beyond stereotypes Celebration - highlight peace and justice work

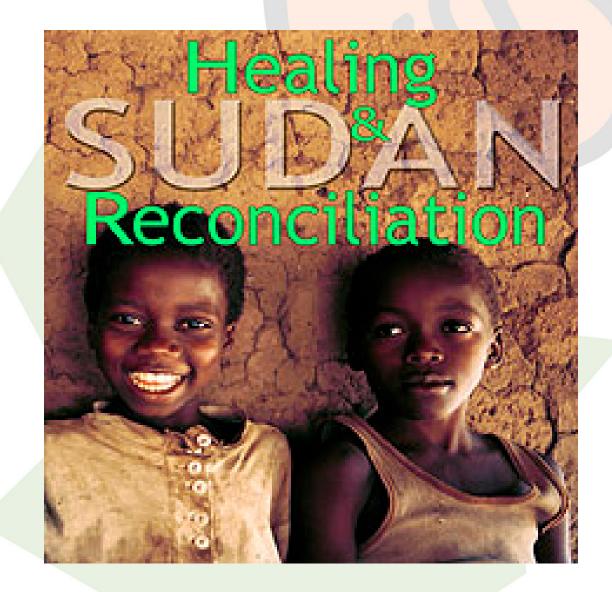


Annual DOV Focus 2002





Annual DOV Focus 2003







VICERCOME THE POWER AND PROMISE OF PEACE



2001-2010 DECADE TO OVERCOME VIOLENCE

CHES SEEKING RECONCILIATION AND PEACE

FOCUS 2004: US

COORDINATED BY THE US DOT COMMITTEE UNDER THE AUSPRESS OF THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES AND THE MATIONAL COUNCIL OF THE CHURCHES OF CHURST IN THE USA. FOR MORE BY DEMATION VISIT US DALINE AT WWW.WCD-COS.OR (MORE)



2005 - Asia



2006 - Latin America



God, in your grace, transform the world

World Council of Churches 9th Assembly

14-23 February 2006

2001.2010

OFCADE TO

OFERCONE AIDLENCE



Plenary "Youth Overcoming Violence" - Message and recommitment for the mid-term

Ecumenical Conversation: Churches Responding to New Threats to Peace and Human Security

Mutirao: DOV Quo Vadis (mid-term) etc

DOV Exhibit

Peace Vigil in the city



2007 - Europe

③3rd European Ecumenical Assembly on Justice, Peace and the Integrity of Creation (JPIC)



2008 - The Pacific



2009 - The Caribbean





The World Council of Churches promotes Christian unity in faith, witness and service for a just and peaceful world. An ecumenical fellowship of churches founded in 1948, today the WCC brings together over 340 Protestant, Orthodox, Anglican and other churches representing more than 550 million Christians, and works cooperatively with the Roman Catholic Church.

http://www.wcc-coe.org

The Decade to Overcome Violence

The Decade to Overcome Violence (2001-2010): Churches Seeking Reconciliation and Peace, calls churches, ecumenical organizations and all people of good will to work together at all levels (local, regional, global) with communities, secular movements and people of all living faiths, for peace, justice and reconciliation.

It calls us to walk with those oppressed by violence, and to act in solidarity with those struggling for justice, peace and the integrity of creation.

It calls us to repent for our complicity in violence, and to engage in theological reflection to overcome the spirit, logic and practice of violence.

As an initiative of the World Council of Churches, the Decade is a global movement. It attempts to strengthen existing peace networks as well as inspire the creation of new ones.

http://www.overcomingviolence.org

Copies of this brochure in several languages may be downloaded from the DOV website and are available on request from the DOV office.

Photos: WCC Cover Illustration: Asia Focus Banner

The mural project was commissioned by the Christian Conference of Asia from Lei Garcia and Ugatlahi. It is a collective creation of young Filipino visual artists who are also community organizers. Dr Hope Antone, Lei Garcia and Ugatlahi conceptualized the mural.

Decade to Overcome Violence P.O. Box 2100, CH-1211 Geneva 2 Tel: +41 22 791 60 47 Fax: +41 22 791 64 06 dov@wcc-coe.org



2001.2010 BE

International Day of Prayer for Peace

21 September 2005



God, you are the God of life. Transform us in the depths of our hearts into people, through whom your peace is carried forth into your world.

Send your Spirit into the hearts of those who are captured in the net of violence be it as perpetrators or as victims and let us never give up the search for the chance to talk to them.

an initiative of the World Council of Churches



International Day of Prayer for Peace - September 21

The WCC calls churches to

(Spray for peace during services on Sept 21

Sobserve 24-hour peace vigils

Spray in particular for churches in the region of the Annual Focus



Issues & Trends

Terrorism & Counter-terrorism

Commercialization of violence

Suicide

Gender, Conflict and Violence

Violence in the church

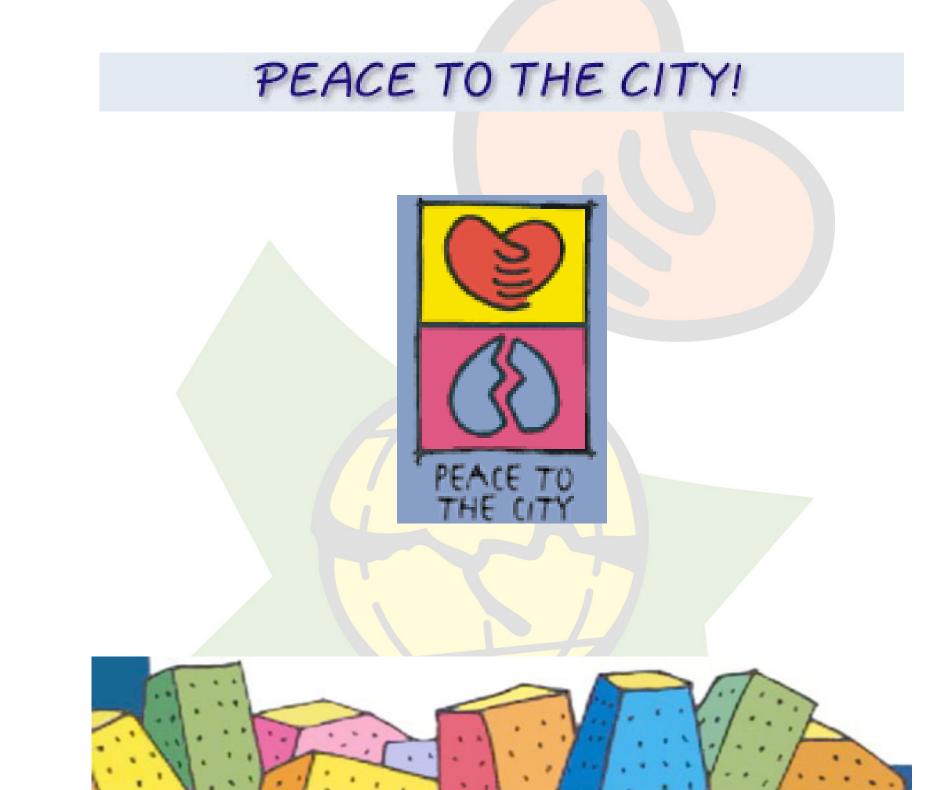
Stories, Examples, Practises

The Responsibility to Protect (UN Reform)





World Military Expenditure, 1995–2004





Hi:Nomadic Art and Digital Diaspora Story-Telling Atelier: "Yess-u-Du" and "Our Story Tree"



Challenges...

DOV as a spiritual journey - transformation
 Inter-church and inter-religious cooperation
 Breaking the silence - finding adequate language
 Confusion of conflict and violence

Including environmental issues



The Gospel of Jesus Christ Compels us to Promote a Culture of Nonviolence

Neal Blough



Peace begins with you

Violence? - Say NO! Peace? - Do it with simple and profound acts!



You can receive periodic updates from the WCC/DOV by signing on at

http://onlineservices.wcc-coe.org/



www.overcomingviolence.org